



Music Progression of Skills and Knowledge – Year 5

Musical Activities	Knowledge	Skills
Listen and Appraise	 To know five songs from memory, who sang or wrote them, when they were written and, if possible, why? To know the style of the five songs and to name other songs from the Units in those styles. To choose two or three other songs and be able to talk about: Some of the style indicators of the songs (musical characteristics that give the songs their style) The lyrics: what the songs are about Any musical dimensions featured in the songs and where they are used (texture, dynamics, tempo, rhythm and pitch) Identify the main sections of the songs (intro, verse, chorus etc.) Name some of the instruments they heard in the songs The historical context of the songs. What else was going on at this time? 	 To identify and move to the pulse with ease. To think about the message of songs. To compare two songs in the same style, talking about what stands out musically in each of them, their similarities and differences. Listen carefully and respectfully to other people's thoughts about the music. When you talk try to use musical words. To talk about the musical dimensions working together in the Unit songs. Talk about the music and how it makes you feel.
Games and Warm-up	 Know and be able to talk about: How pulse, rhythm, pitch, tempo, dynamics, texture and structure work together and how they connect in a song How to keep the internal pulse Musical Leadership: creating musical ideas for the group to copy or respond to 	Using the Warm up Games tracks provided, complete the Bronze, Silver and Gold Challenges. Children will complete the following in relation to the main song, using three notes:
Singing	 To know and confidently sing five songs and their parts from memory, and to sing them with a strong internal pulse. To choose a song and be able to talk about: Its main features Singing in unison, the solo, lead vocal, backing vocals or rapping To know what the song is about and the meaning of the lyrics To know and explain the importance of warming up your voice 	 To sing in unison and to sing backing vocals. To enjoy exploring singing solo. To listen to the group when singing. To demonstrate a good singing posture. To follow a leader when singing. To experience rapping and solo singing. To listen to each other and be aware of how you fit into the group. To sing with awareness of being 'in tune'.

Playing Instruments	To know and be able to talk about:	Play a musical instrument with the correct
	Different ways of writing music down – e.g. staff notation, symbols	technique within the context of the Unit song.
	• The notes C, D, E, F, G, A, B + C on the treble stave	 Select and learn an instrumental part that matches
	The instruments they might play or be played in a band or orchestra	their musical challenge, using one of the
	or by their friends	differentiated parts – a one-note, simple or
		medium part or the melody of the song from memory or using notation.
		To rehearse and perform their part within the
		context of the Unit song.
		• To listen to and follow musical instructions from a leader.
		To lead a rehearsal session
Improvisation	To know and be able to talk about improvisation:	Improvise using instruments in the context of the
	• Improvisation is making up your own tunes on the spot	song they are learning to perform.
	When someone improvises, they make up their own tune that has	Using the improvisation tracks provided, children will
	never been heard before. It is not written down and belongs to them.	complete the Bronze, Silver or Gold Challenges
	• To know that using one or two notes confidently is better than using five	
	• To know that if you improvise using the notes you are given, you cannot make a mistake	
	• To know that you can use some of the riffs you have heard in the	
	Challenges in your improvisations	
<u> </u>	To know three well-known improvising musicians	
Composition	To know and be able to talk about:	Create simple melodies using up to five different conditional and the state of the sta
	• A composition: music that is created by you and kept in some way. It's like writing a story. It can be played or performed again to your	notes and simple rhythms that work musically with the style of the Unit song.
	friends.	 Explain the keynote or home note and the
	 A composition has pulse, rhythm and pitch that work together and 	structure of the melody.
	are shaped by tempo, dynamics, texture and structure	Listen to and reflect upon the developing
	Notation: recognise the connection between sound and symbol	composition and make musical decisions about how the melody connects with the song.

		 Record the composition in any way appropriate that recognises the connection between sound and symbol (e.g. graphic/pictorial notation). Record the composition in any way appropriate that recognises the connection between sound and symbol (e.g. graphic/pictorial notation).
Performance	To know and be able to talk about: • Performing is sharing music with other people, an audience • A performance doesn't have to be a drama! It can be to one person or to each other • Everything that will be performed must be planned and learned • You must sing or rap the words clearly and play with confidence • A performance can be a special occasion and involve an audience including of people you don't know • It is planned and different for each occasion • A performance involves communicating ideas, thoughts and feelings about the song/music	 To choose what to perform and create a programme. To communicate the meaning of the words and clearly articulate them. To talk about the venue and how to use it to best effect. To record the performance and compare it to a previous performance. To discuss and talk musically about it – "What went well?" and "It would have been even better if?"